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4 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**
5 **DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

6 * * *

7 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)

8 Plaintiff,)

9 vs.)

10 CLIFFORD JAMES SCHUETT,)

11 Defendant.)
12 _____)

2:10-cr-118-RLH-RJJ

ORDER

(Motion to Dismiss Restitution-#43)

13 Before the Court is Defendant Schuett's **Motion for the Dismissal of Court Ordered**
14 **Restitution** (#43, filed October 24, 2012). Defendant then filed an Answer to Respondent's
15 Response (#48, although the United States had not yet filed its response). The Government's
16 Response (#50) was filed January 3, 2013, together with an Exhibit (#51). Thereafter, Schuett filed a
17 Supplement (#48) to his Answer to Response.

18 Defendant Schuett seeks dismissal of his court-ordered restitution on the grounds that
19 he does not have the money to pay it and is disabled. Because the motion is without merit and the
20 without authority to grant it, the motion will be denied.

21 As part of his sentence, the Court ordered Defendant to pay restitution in the amount of
22 \$12,000.00, to the United States Air Force. Defendant's vehicle was transferred to the United States
23 and the proceeds from its sale, in the amount of \$6,790.19, was applied toward the restitution order,
24 leaving a balance of \$5,380.80. Contrary to Defendant Schuett's allegation, no additional payments
25 have been made toward the balance. Inability to pay restitution is not a basis for reducing the
26 restitution amount.

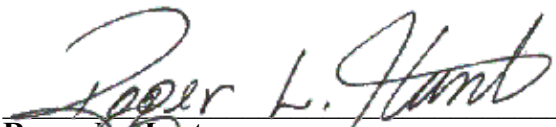
1 Defendant is to be released in April 2013. Although Defendant has stated no basis or
2 authority for granting his motion, the Court will address statutes that speak to the issue.

3 Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 36 speaks to clerical error. However, it may not
4 be used to make this kind of amendment or modification requested by the defendant. It is reserved
5 only to correct minor "clerical mistakes in a judgment order." It may not be used to make a substan-
6 tive amendment of a criminal sentence. There is no assertion that the Restitution Order contains any
7 kind of mistake. The mere desire to change the amount of the restitution award does not trigger the
8 protections of Rule 36.

9 Title 18 U.S.C. §3664(k), § 3573(1), §3612(f)(3) and §3612(h) give the Court limited
10 authority to make modifications of restitution orders. They provide the Court with authority to waive
11 or limit payment of interest or penalties, or alter the payment schedule, or require immediate payment
12 in full, but grant no authority to modify the restitution order itself. The ability to remit all or part of
13 the principle balance itself is conspicuously absent from any of these provisions.

14 IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that Defendant Schuett's **Motion for the Dismissal**
15 **of Court Ordered Restitution (#43)** is denied.

16 Dated: January 17, 2013.

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19 **Roger L. Hunt**
20 **United States District Judge**
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